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JANAN SS PHYSICS DEPARTMENT S.3 PHYSICS CONTINUOUS ASSESEMENT EXAM (C.A.T 3) 2024 TERM 1 TIME ALLOWED: 80MINUTES

INSTRUCTIONS:

* ATTEMPT ALL ITEMS IN THE EXAM.

QUESTION ONE: PRESSURE AND THE ATMOSPHERE (15SCORES)

SCENARIO: There is an on-going argument in class, a very hot debate between two groups with competing ideas. Group A says mountainous tops are in the stratosphere of the earth's atmosphere and for that reason you can experience nose bleeding on a mountain top. Group B is saying nose bleeding is only experienced at sea level where there is a lot of atmospheric pressure and mountain tops are in mesosphere. They have given an example that A mercury barometer can be used to measure atmospheric pressure and if there is a mountain about 2.5km tall and a mercury barometer is taken from sea level when its barometric height is 760mmHg to the top of the mountain, the barometric height becomes 750mmHg.

Hint: The density of air is about 1.25kgm^{-3} and is constant from top to bottom of mountain

Density of mercury is 13600kgm⁻³

Acceleration due to gravity = 10ms⁻²

Task: After listening to the argument critically,

- a) i) Which of the two groups is right about which layer the mountain tops are found and where nose bleeding is more likely to occur? (3scores)
 - ii) Explain to them why that group is right. (3scores)
 - ii) Provide the groups with a simple abbreviation/mnemonic to make the two groups easily understand the layers of the atmosphere (3scores)
- b) Group A would want to know how a mercury barometer could be used to measure Atmospheric pressure, help them out (a diagram will help them understand even better) (6scores)
- c) Is the group B giving an accurate example? (5scores)